

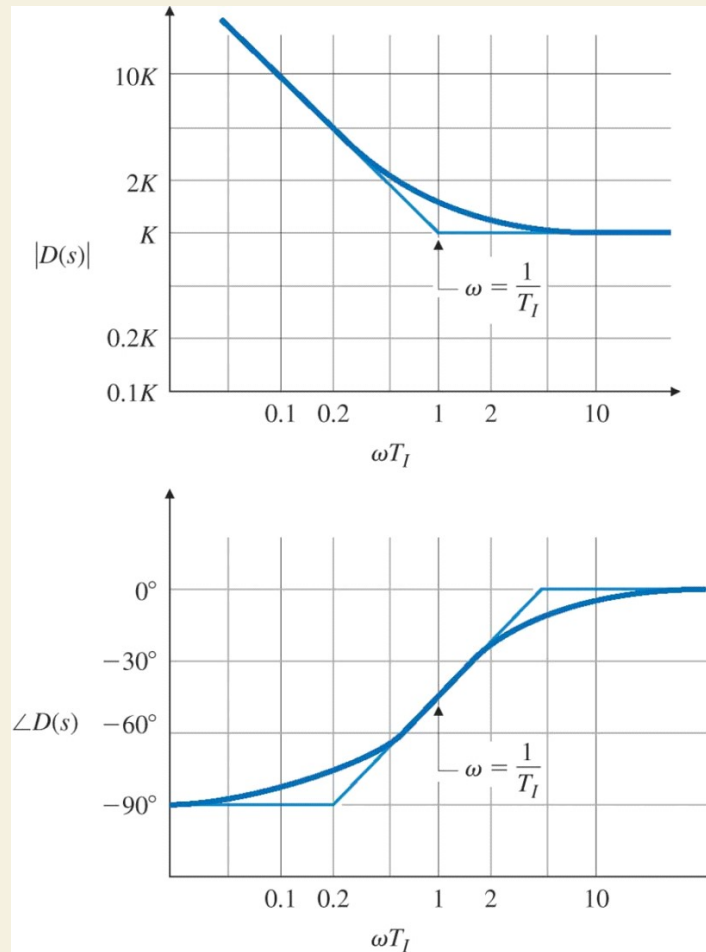


TE055

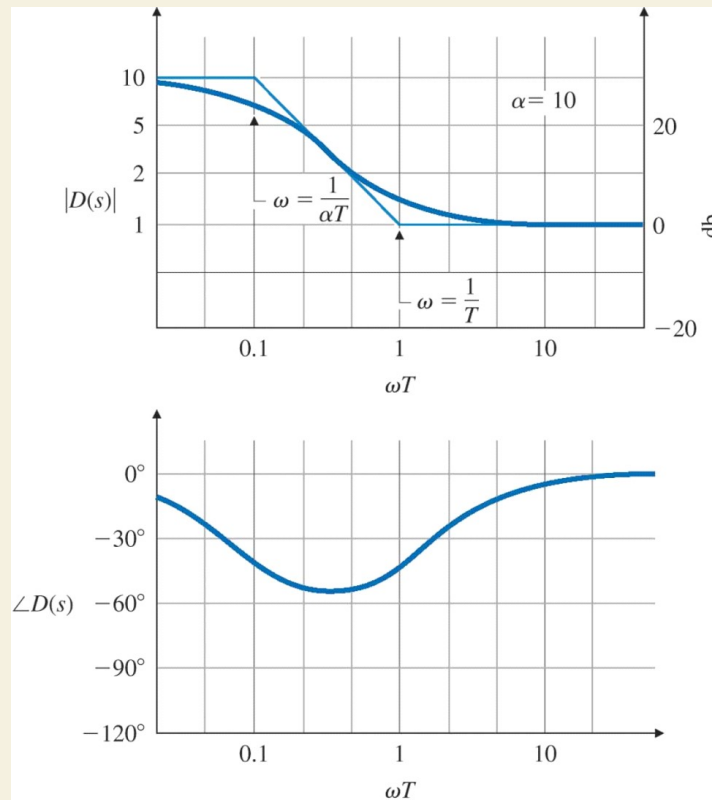
Projeto de controladores no domínio
da frequência 2

Prof^a Juliana L. M. lamamura

Controlador PI



Controlador de atraso de fase



Exemplo 1: Controlador de atraso de fase

Requisitos:

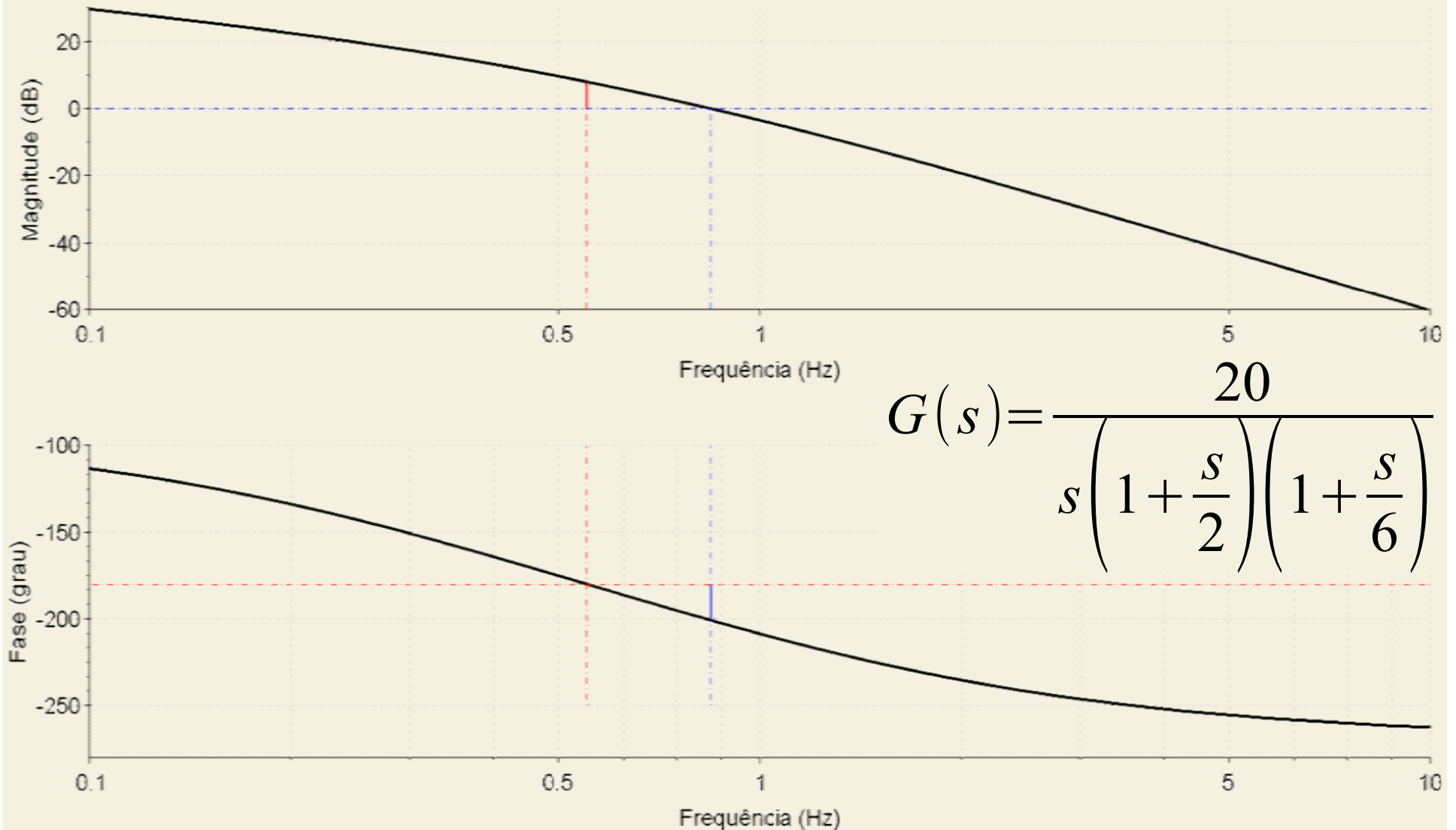
$$K_v \geq 20$$

$$MF = 45^\circ \pm 5^\circ$$

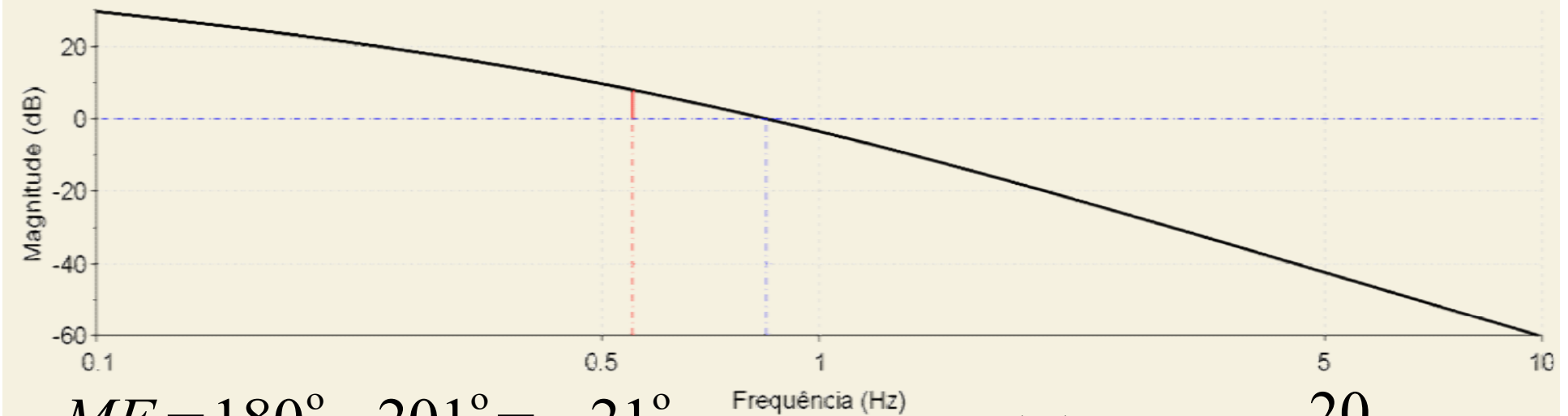
$$\omega_c \geq 1 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{2}{s \left(1 + \frac{s}{2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{6}\right)}$$

Exemplo 1: Controlador de atraso de fase

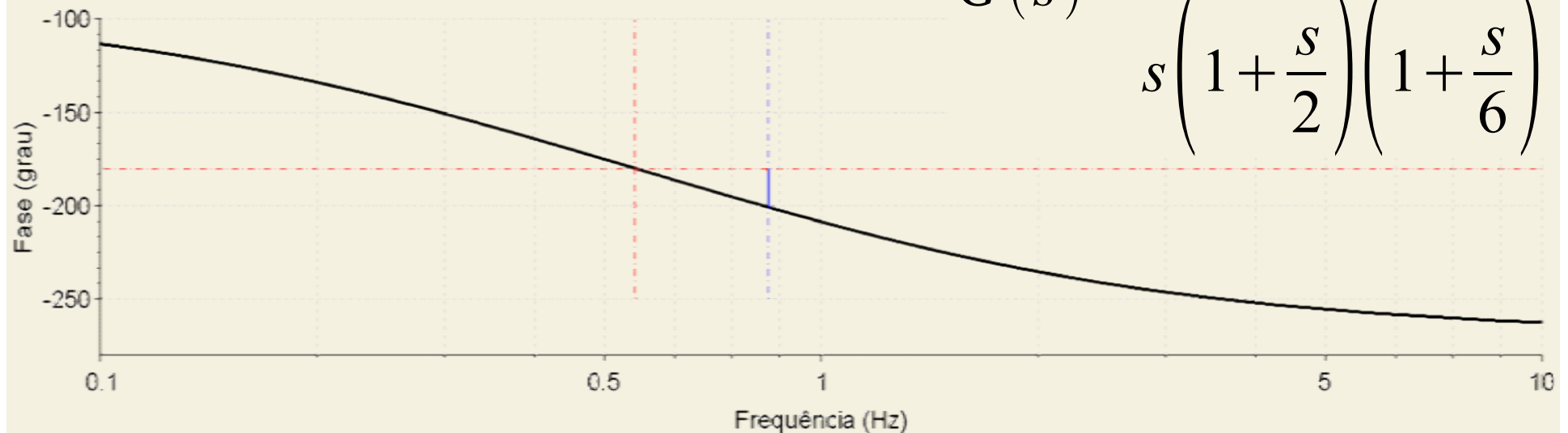


Exemplo 1: Controlador de atraso de fase

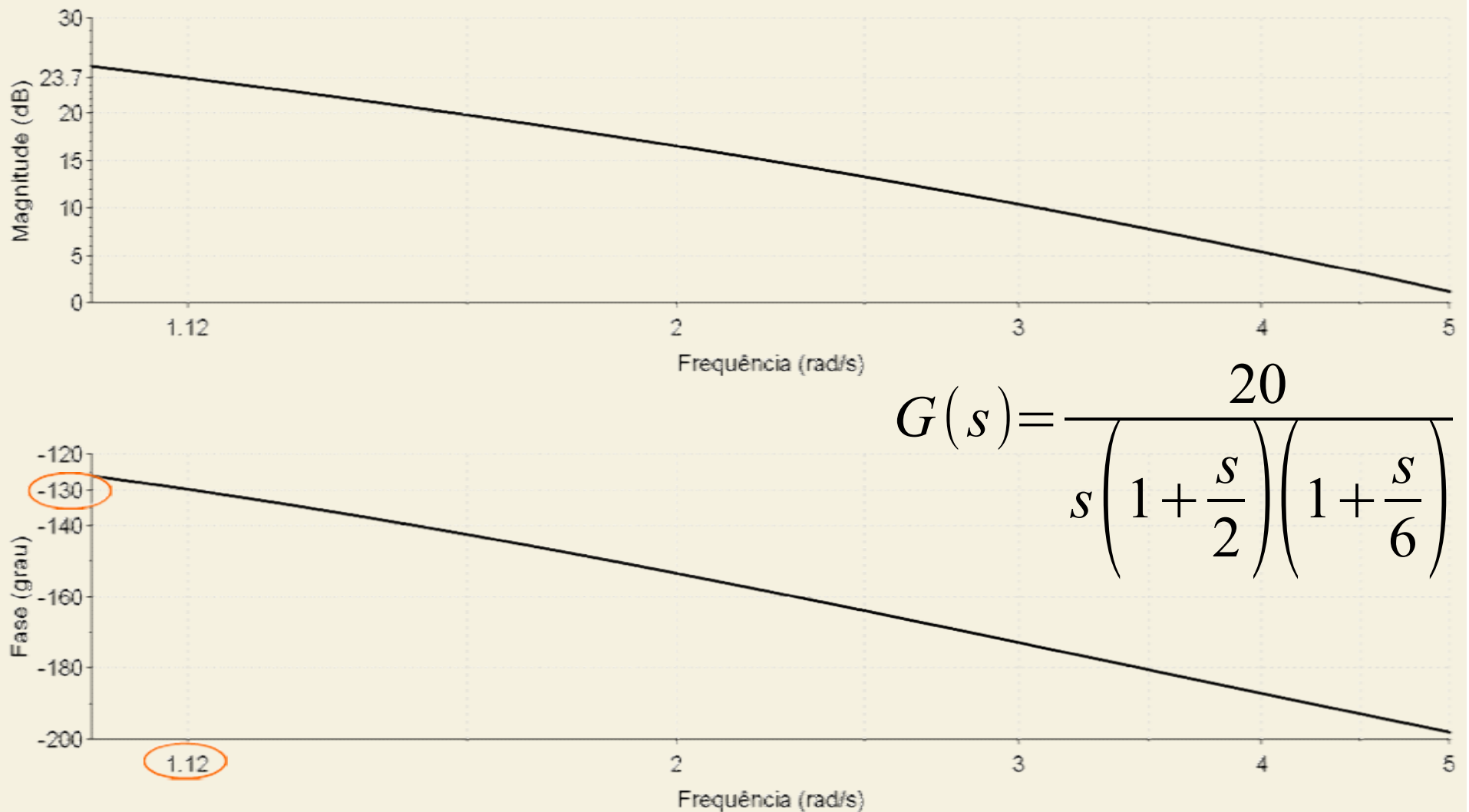


$$MF = 180^\circ - 201^\circ = -21^\circ$$

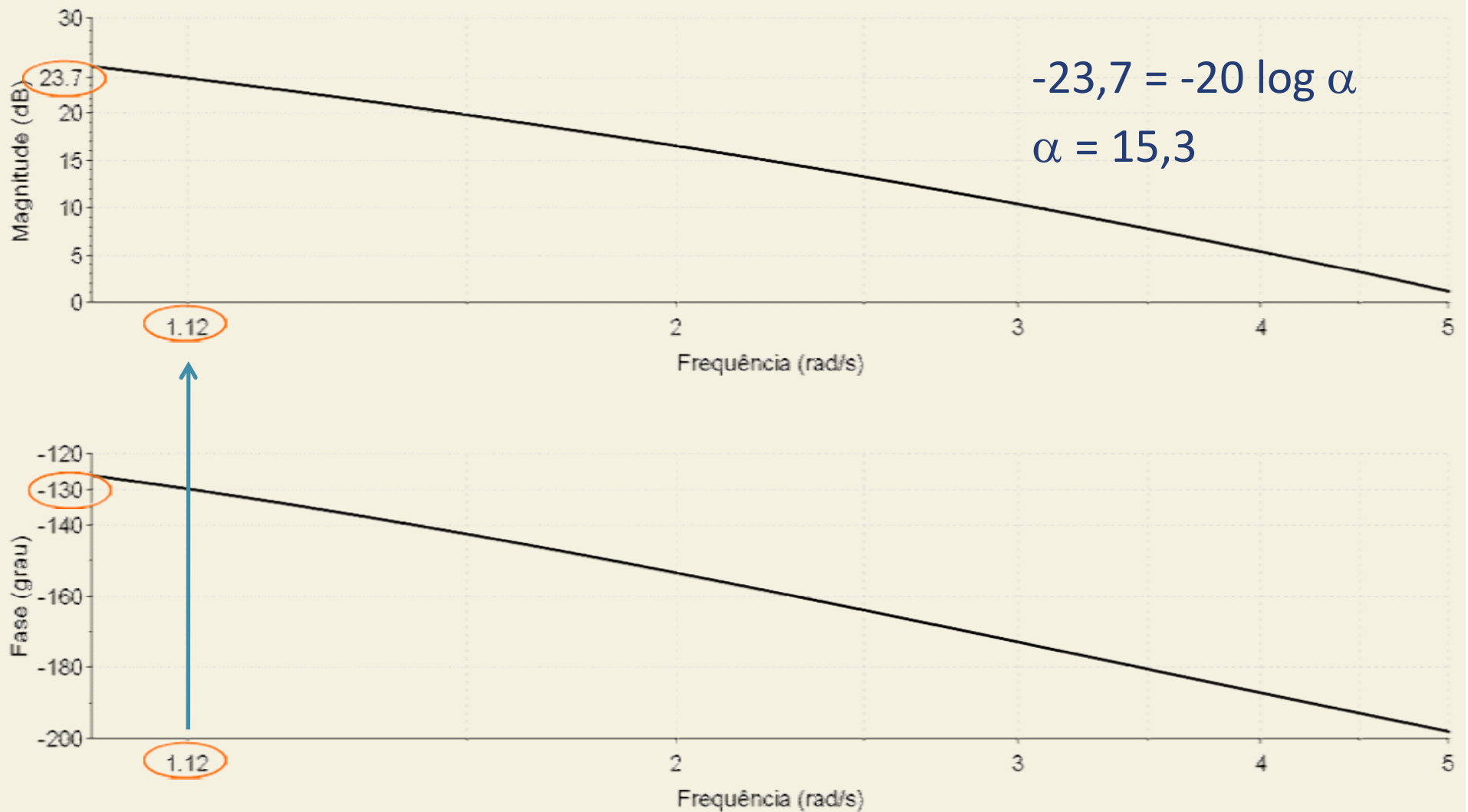
$$G(s) = \frac{20}{s \left(1 + \frac{s}{2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{6}\right)}$$



Exemplo 1: Controlador de atraso de fase

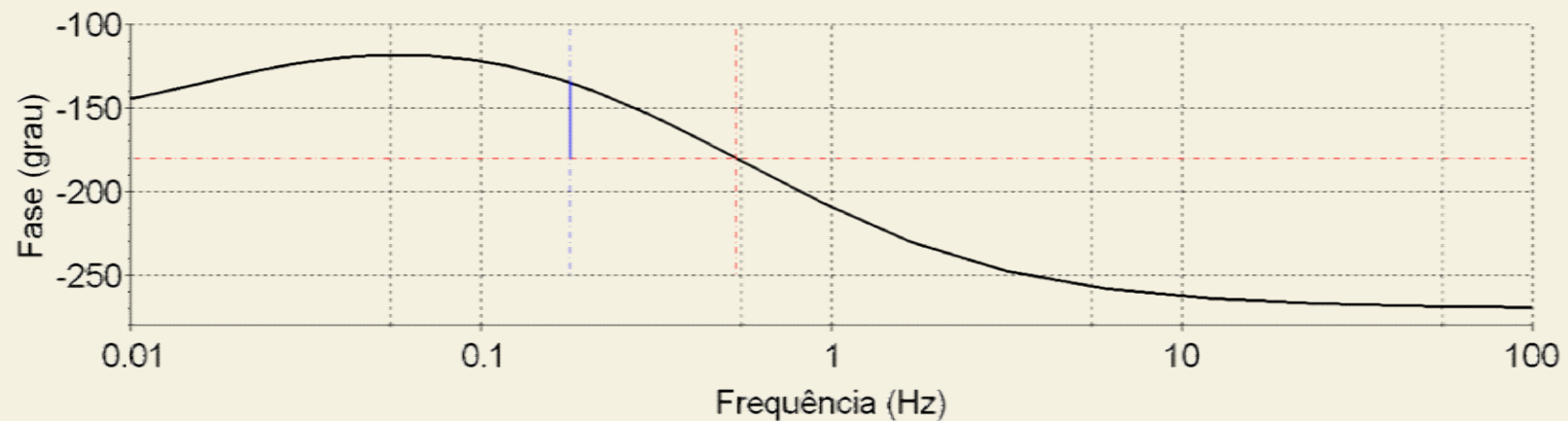
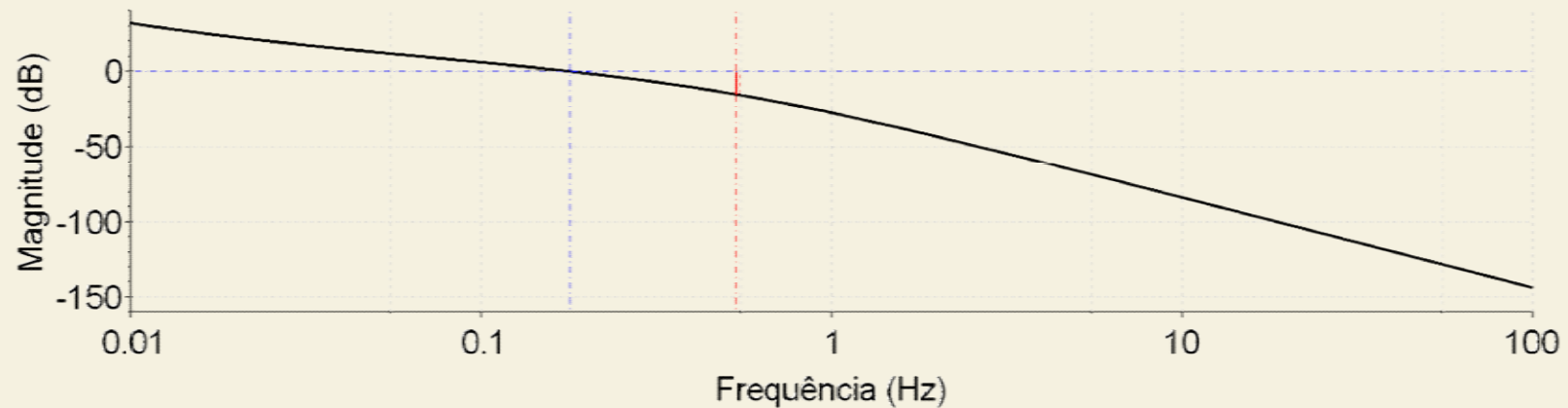


Exemplo 1: Controlador de atraso de fase



Exemplo 1: Controlador de atraso de fase

$$D(s)G(s) = \left(\frac{1 + 10s}{1 + 153s} \right) \left(\frac{20}{s \left(1 + \frac{s}{2} \right) \left(1 + \frac{s}{6} \right)} \right)$$

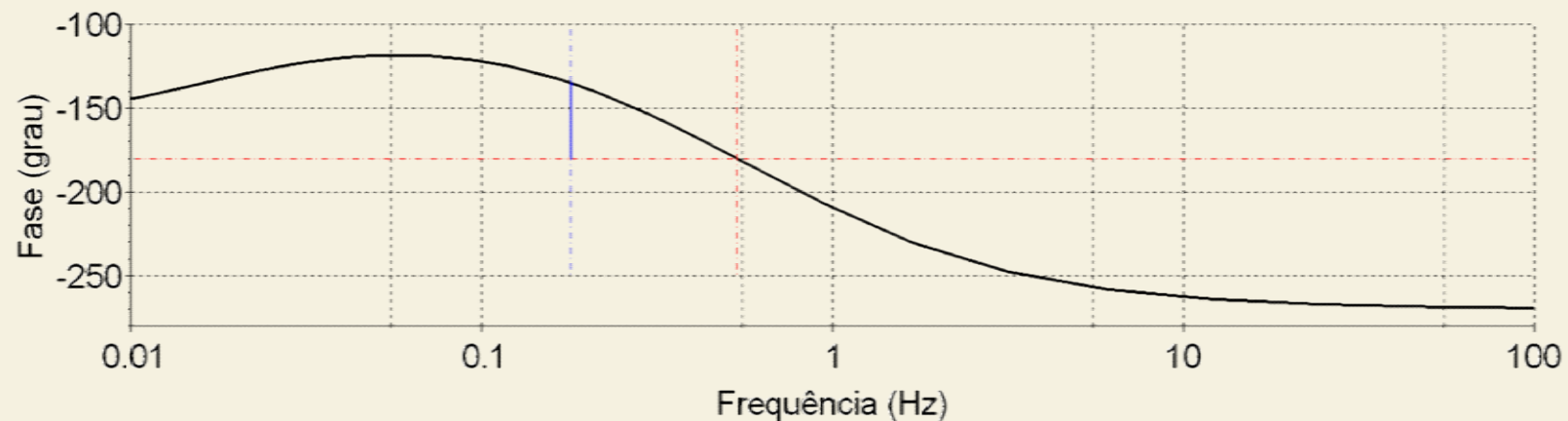
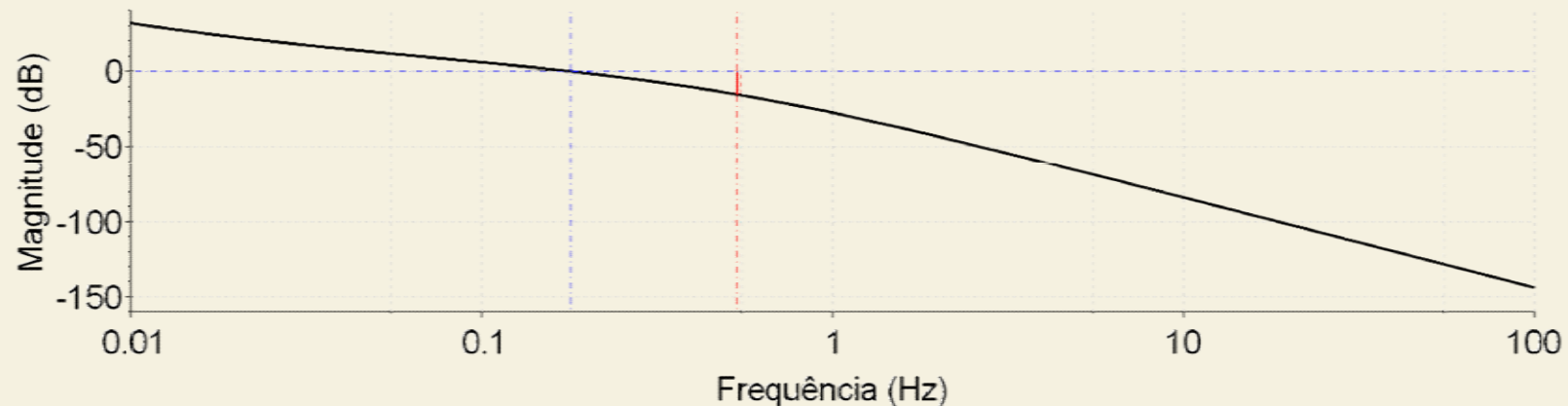


Exemplo 1: Controlador de atraso de fase

$$MF = 45,3^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$\omega_c = 1,12 \text{ rad/s} \quad \checkmark$$

$$D(s)G(s) = \left(\frac{1+10s}{1+153s} \right) \left(\frac{20}{s \left(1+\frac{s}{2}\right) \left(1+\frac{s}{6}\right)} \right)$$



Exemplo 2: Controlador de atraso de fase

Requisitos:

$$K_p \geq 4$$

$$MF \geq 45^\circ$$

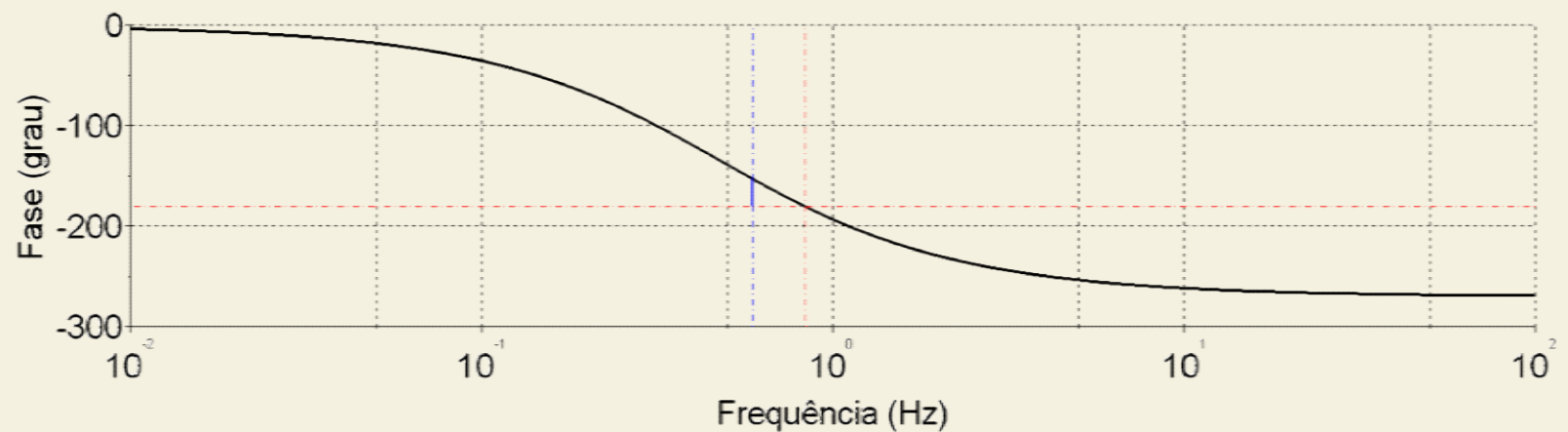
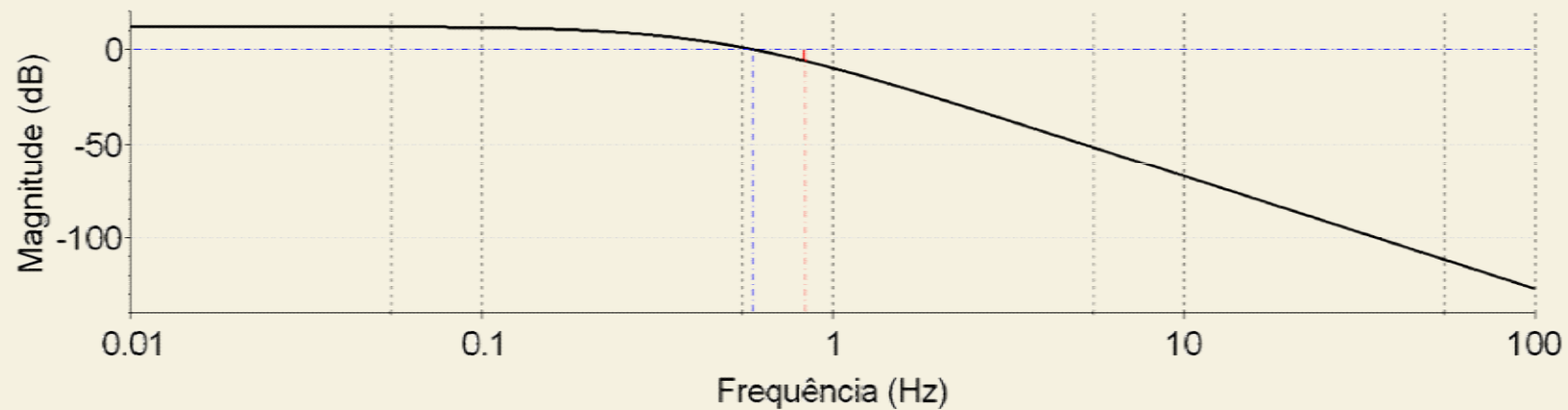
$$MG \geq 2 \text{ dB}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{3}\right)^3}$$

Exemplo 2: Controlador de atraso de fase

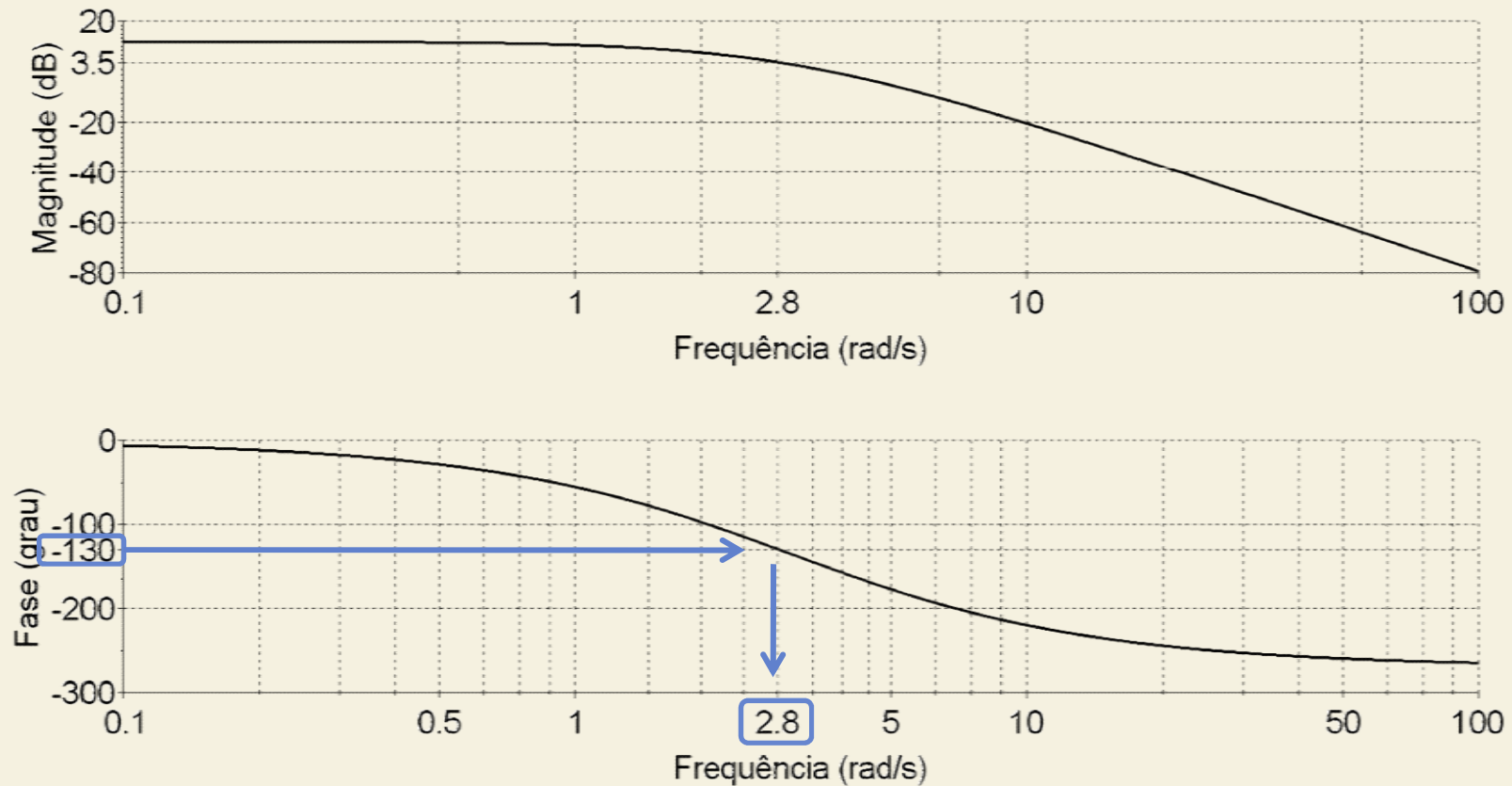
MF = 27,1°

$$G(s) = \frac{4}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{3}\right)^3}$$



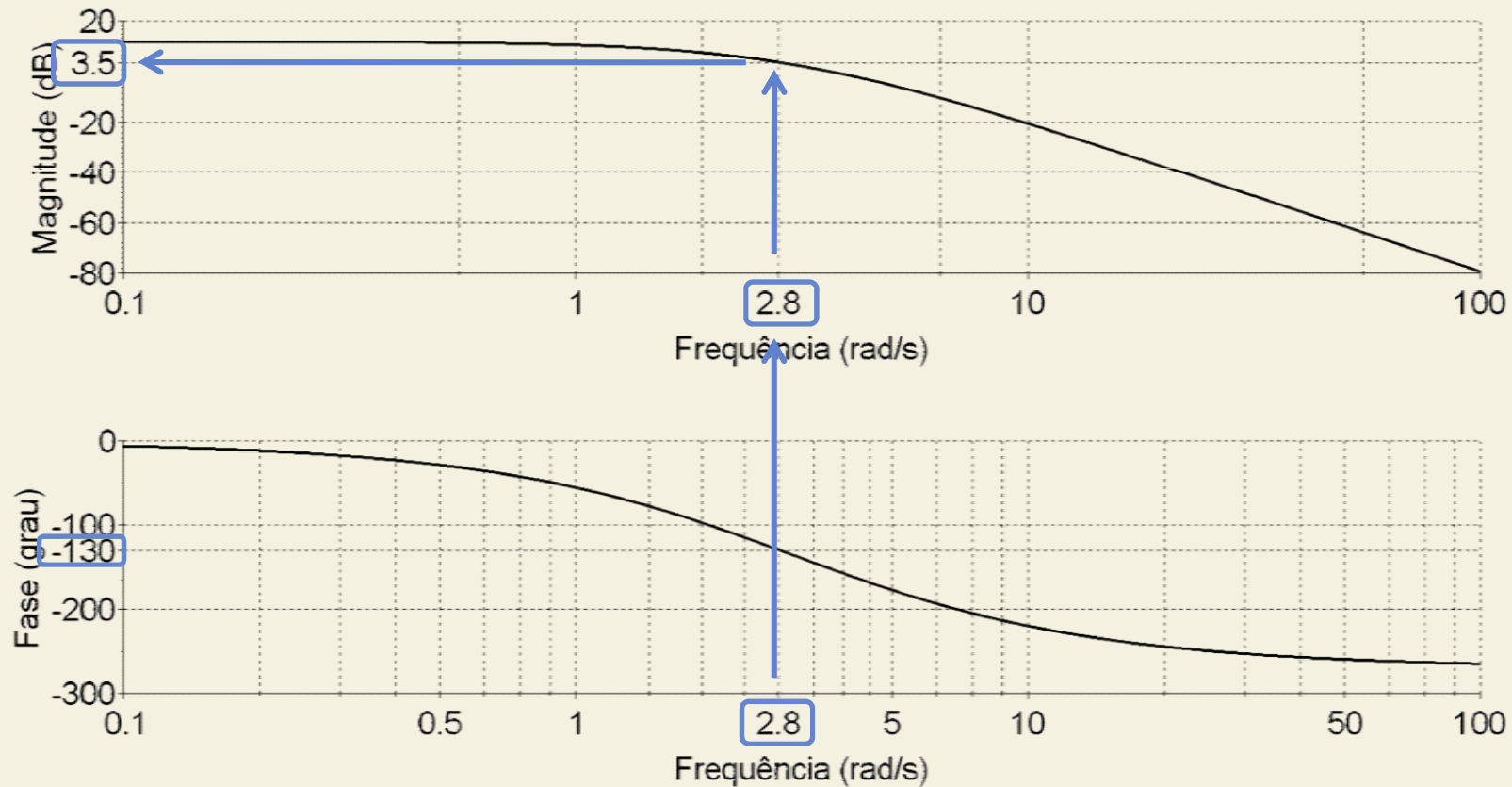
Exemplo 2: Controlador de atraso de fase

$$G(s) = \frac{4}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{3}\right)^3}$$



Exemplo 2: Controlador de atraso de fase

$$G(s) = \frac{4}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{3}\right)^3}$$



Exemplo 2: Controlador de atraso de fase

MF = 46,5°

MG = 9,3 dB

$$G(s)D(s) = \frac{4}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{3}\right)^3} \left(\frac{1 + 3,57s}{1 + 5,36s} \right)$$

